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Convergence biding

Benefits, disadvantages, issues: A FERC perspective



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The views expressed are my own and do not necessarily represent those of the Commission, the Chairman, or any individual Commissioner.

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Bottom line

- My opinion:
 - The Commission looks at things under the lens of the just and reasonable and not unduly discriminatory standard
 - Considering **complexity** through this lens
 - \rightarrow Compromises
 - In my view, the Commission has done a great job balancing the costs and benefits of convergence bidding and the best way to implement it, and has acted accordingly
 - Asking for more detail when needed, asking for reports to see how things are going and whether they need modification, and making changes when required

• Roadmap

- CAISO: Development of convergence biding
- Virtual bidding in other organized markets
- Issues, solutions, and tweaks





MRTU and convergence bidding—a bit of history

- In an order issued **December 19, 2001**, the Commission directed CAISO to propose a plan to implement a day-ahead market.
- Between 2001 and 2004, CAISO presented its proposal for its new market design. On June 17, 2004, the Commission
 required CAISO to file within 180 days tariff language addressing the implementation of convergence bidding.
- After several delays, the MRTU tariff became effective on March 31, 2009, with Day 1 of MRTU operation occurring on April 1, 2009.
- In November 2009, CAISO made a conceptual filing regarding convergence bidding; the Commission addressed CAISO's filing and granted an extension to implement convergence bidding in its February 2010 Convergence Bidding Design Order.
- On June 25, 2010, CAISO filed its convergence bidding proposal. The proposal included a series of charges to convergence bidding scheduling coordinators including a convergence bidding award charge (called a "virtual award charge"), a transaction fee, and a metering and client relations charge.
- On October 15, 2010, the Commission conditionally accepted CAISO's convergence bidding proposal.





Notable issues considered

- Under scheduling
- Position Limits at Internal Nodes
- Convergence Bidding at the Interties
- Market Power Mitigation Measures
- Constraints to Ensure an AC Solution
- Certification Requirements
- Credit Policy
- Settlement of Convergence Bidding
- Allocation of Uplift Costs
- Information Release
- Position Limits
- E-Tagging and Implicit Convergence Bidding
- CRRs

- Suspension
- AC Solution
- Credit Requirements
- Settlement
- Bid Floor
- Bid Aggregation
- Local Market Power Mitigation
- Hold Harmless
- Bid Cost Recovery



Virtual bidding in other organized markets

- MISO, NE-ISO, NYISO, PJM, SPP
- Similar issues with their own twists
- Some of these markets brought virtual bidding in front of FERC before CAISO did
 - Provided **precedent** for some of CAISO's decisions
 - Provided **data** to form a good understanding of how things could work





Issues and solutions—Other tweaks?

- Divergence vs. convergence
 - Convergence bidding at the interties
- Market power issues
- Effects of long-term contingencies on convergence bidding





