



Challenges with Operating Hydro Resources in EIM Market

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IPCI
ENTERPRISE ASSET OPTIMIZATION

- Summarize challenges and lessons learned from participants who currently operate hydro resources in EIM market
- How can we Maximize Value of Hydro Resources in EIM Market?
- Discuss how Flexible Hydro Resources can be the ideal tool for balancing VER resources (Wind & Solar) in the Western Market.
- Provide recommendations as to what can be done to extract more benefits from hydro resources

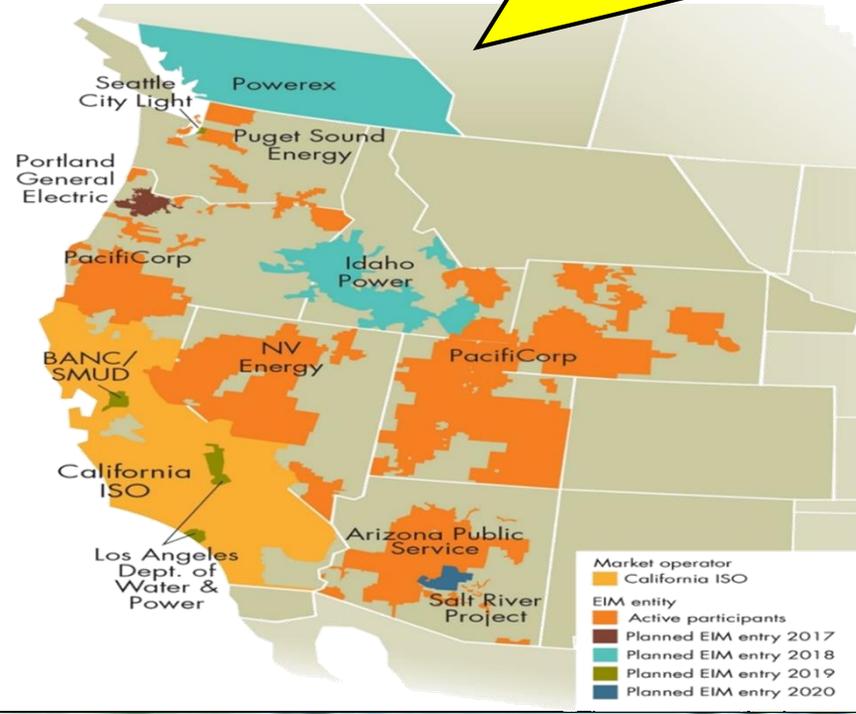


- Western EIM Players**
- PacifiCorp (Nov 1, 2014)
 - NVE (Dec 1, 2015)
 - Puget Sound Energy (Oct 1, 2016)
 - APS (Oct 1, 2016)
 - PGE (Oct 1, 2017)
 - IPC (2018)
 - Powerex (2018)
 - SCL (2019)
 - LADWP (2019)
 - SMUD (2019)
 - SRP (2020)

- **CAISO launched the MRTU market in April 2009 and the EIM market in November 2014.**

- **Many CAISO participants (PAC, PGE, PSE, PG&E, SCE) operate large hydro resources:**
 - **Cascaded pondage-hydro resources (Baker River, Big Creek, Mid Columbia)**
 - **Pump-Storage hydro resources (Helms, Eastwood)**

- **CAISO participants (APS, NVE, PAC, PSE, SCE, PG&E, SDG&E) also operate lots of wind & solar resources**



How does Real-Time EIM Market Work?

T - 75 minutes

- EIM Participating Resource submits hourly base schedule to CAISO
- EIM Participating Resource submits Energy Bids & Resource Plan to CAISO

T - 55 minutes

- EIM Participating Resource submits updated base schedule to CAISO

T - 45 minutes

- CAISO evaluates whether resource plan is feasible

T -40 minutes:

- If resource plan is not feasible, BA can submit adjusted base schedule

T -20 minutes:

- ISO forecast loads for next 15 mn
- ISO runs RTUC to derive 15-mn schedules and LMPs and optimize intertie schedules

T - 7.5 minutes:

- ISO forecasts Loads for next 5 Min
- ISO runs RTD
- ISO sends 5-mn Dispatch Instructions & 5-mn LMPs to resources

T to T + 5 minutes:

- CAISO sends updated NSI to all BAs every 4 secs via ICCP
- Market participants ramp units to meet dispatch instructions

At the end of hour:

- Collect 5-mn Meter Data
- RT Energy Settlement is performed on a 15-mn basis for resources & interties and a 5-mn basis for resources and loads

EIM Participating Resource submits hourly base schedule, energy bid curves, and self-scheduled A/S volumes to CAISO

Financial

- GenCo 1:
 - Generation Resource 1
- GenCo 2:
 - Generation Resource 4
- GenCo 3:
 - Generation Resource 2
 - Generation Resource 3
 - Generation Resource 5
- External GenCo 1:
 - External GenCo 1
- LSE 1:
 - Load 1
- LSE 2:
 - Load 4
 - Load 6
 - DRR 1
- LSE 3:
 - Load 3
- LSE 4:
 - Load 7
 - Load 8
 - Load 9
- LSE 5:
 - Load 5
- MRE 1:
 - GenCo 1
- MRE 2:
 - LSE 2
 - LSE 3
 - LSE 4
- MRE 3:
 - External GenCo 1

CAISO checks whether the submitted base schedule is feasible (Balanced, Free of congestion, and sufficient Flexible Ramp) and reports any problems to BAs

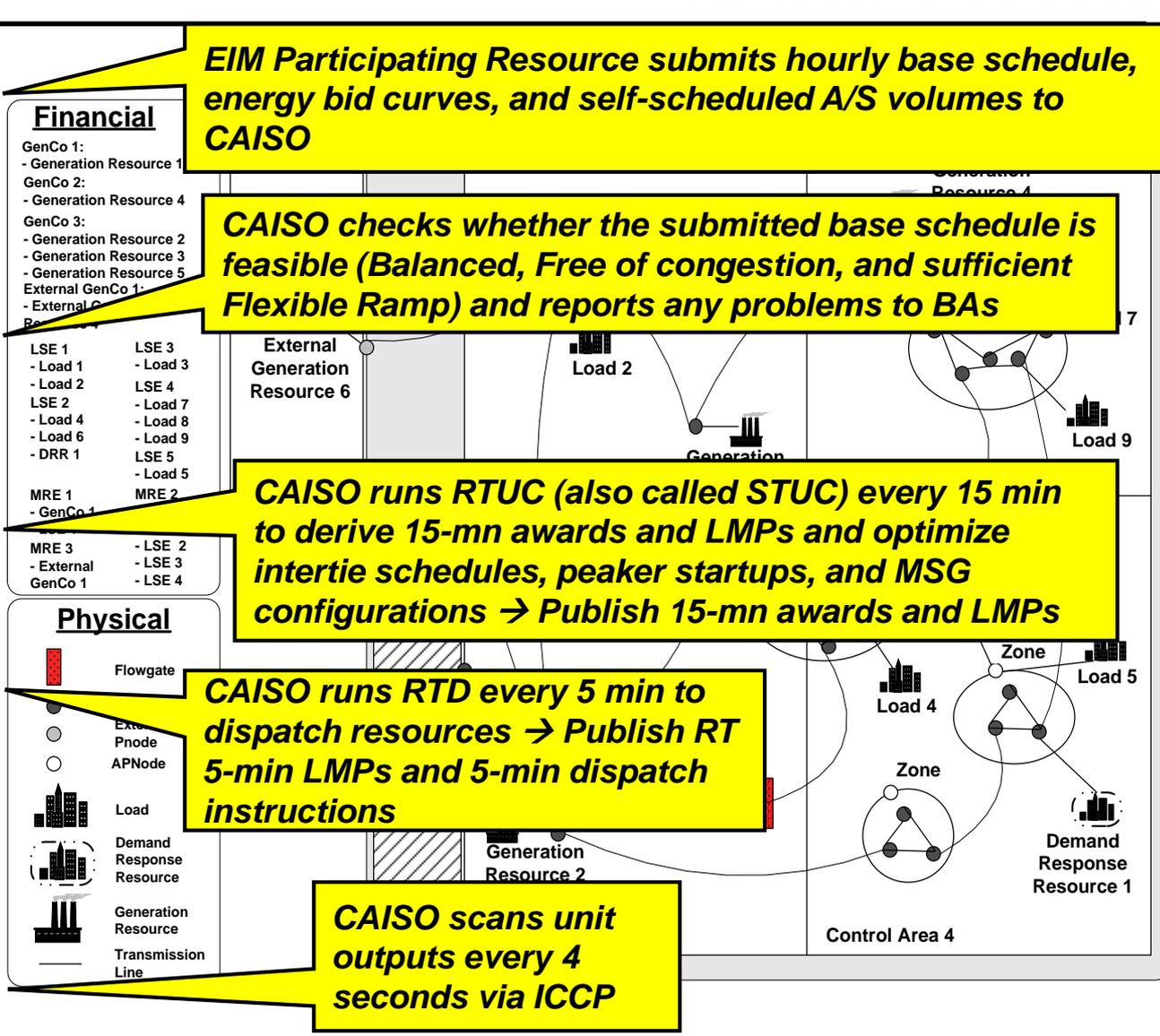
CAISO runs RTUC (also called STUC) every 15 min to derive 15-mn awards and LMPs and optimize intertie schedules, peaker startups, and MSG configurations → Publish 15-mn awards and LMPs

CAISO runs RTD every 5 min to dispatch resources → Publish RT 5-min LMPs and 5-min dispatch instructions

CAISO scans unit outputs every 4 seconds via ICCP

Physical

- Flowgate
- Ext Pnode
- APNode
- Load
- Demand Response Resource
- Generation Resource
- Transmission Line



Strengths and Weaknesses of CAISO RT Optimization Engine

- **Strengths of CAISO RT Optimization Engine:**
 - Use Full-Network Model to Produce 15-minute and 5-minute dispatch solutions that meet transmission constraints and n-1 criterion
 - Produce lowest cost solution to serve loads in EIM footprint
 - Use latest 15-mn and 5-mn forecasts for VER resources (Wind & Solar)
- **Weaknesses of CAISO RT Optimization Engine:**
 - Do not model operation of cascaded hydro plants
 - Do not recognize hydro topology and constraints

CAISO RT Optimization Engine Delivers Significant Benefits (255 M\$ from Nov 2014-September 2017)



- **EIM Market provides significant benefits for both EIM and MRTU players. Total Benefits reported for Western EIM Market = 255 M\$ (Nov 2014 – Sept 2017)**
 - **More Efficient Dispatch, due to both Inter-Regional and Intra-Regional Dispatch, using automated 15-mn and 5-mn dispatch (70-75 % of total EIM benefits).**
 - **Increased utilization or less curtailment of variable energy resources (VER) (15-20 % of total EIM benefits)**
 - **Lower Flexible-Reserve Requirements (426-482 MW in upward direction and 504-521 MW in downward direction) by aggregating load, wind, solar variability, and load-forecast errors (3-5 % of total EIM benefits)**
 - **Enhance reliability for large multi-state EIM footprint by using full-network model and SCED engine to manage congestion for EIM footprint**

Actual EIM Benefits = 255 M\$ from Nov 2014-September 2017 (6.7 M\$/month)

Region	July	August	September	Total
APS	\$2.52	\$4.92	\$3.64	\$11.08
ISO	\$2.01	\$4.59	\$1.03	\$7.63
NV Energy	\$2.28	\$3.41	\$2.86	\$8.55
PacifiCorp	\$2.79	\$4.52	\$3.00	\$10.31
PSE	\$0.97	\$1.13	\$0.88	\$2.98
Total	\$10.57	\$18.57	\$11.41	\$40.55

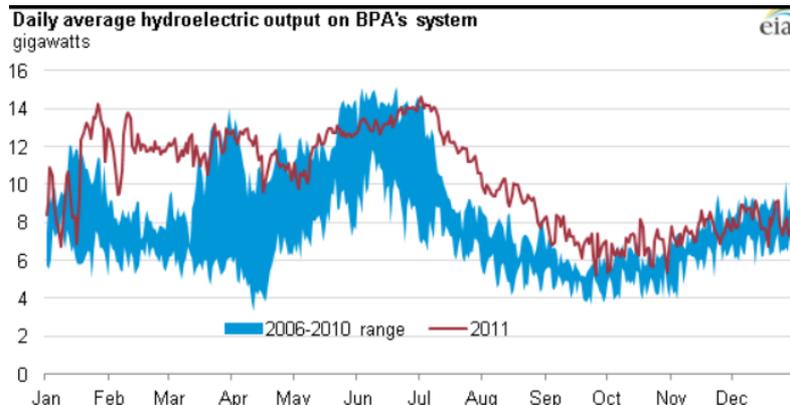
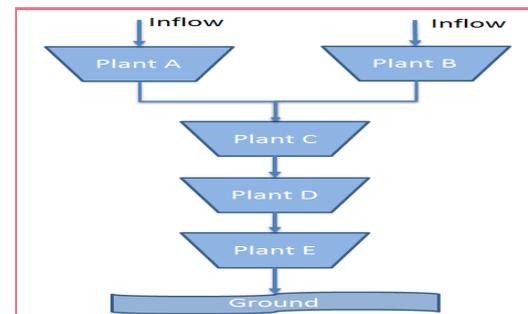
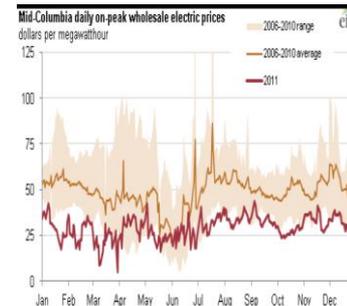
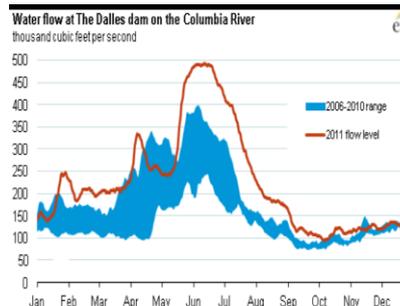
Table 1: Third quarter 2017 benefits in millions USD

Optimizing Hydro Resources Before EIM Market

- **Hydro Optimization is a very complex process:**
 - Long-Term Optimization (1-5 years) → Produce Annual hydro targets (Firm)
 - Annual Optimization → Produce monthly targets (Firm)
 - Monthly Optimization → Produce weekly targets (Firm)
 - Weekly Optimization → Produce daily targets (Firm or Flexible)
 - Daily Optimization → Produce hourly targets (Firm or Flexible)

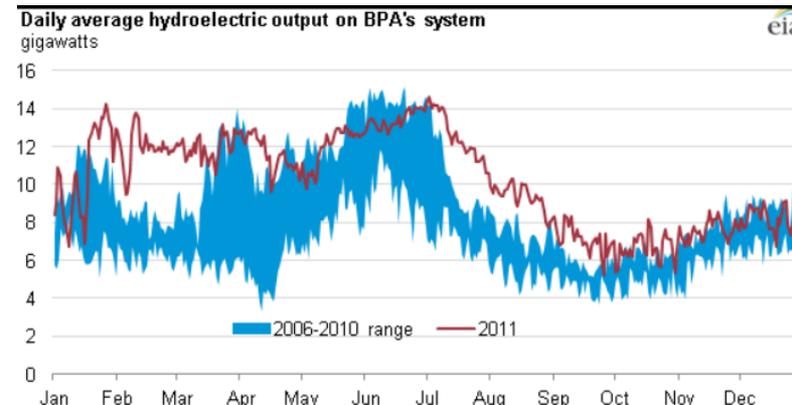
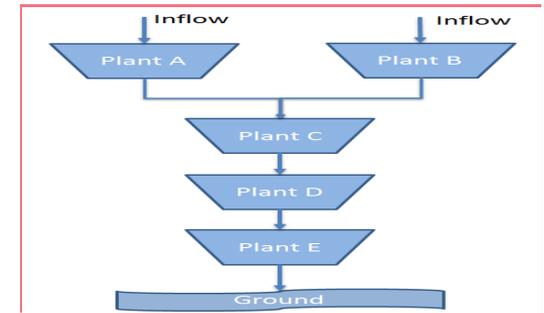
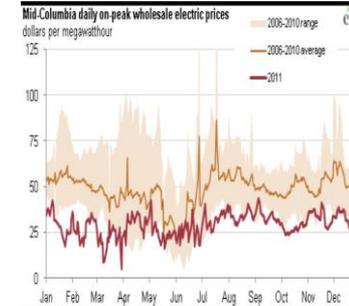
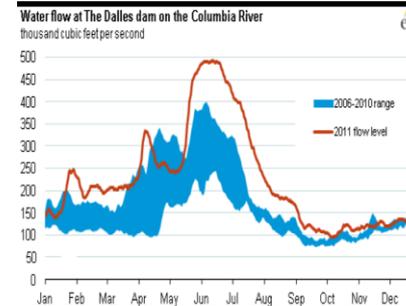
- **Key inputs for Hydro Optimization are:**
 - Hydro inflows
 - Forward market prices

- **Key outputs from Hydro Optimization are:**
 - Hourly & Weekly & Monthly & Annual **Hydro Generation & Pond Levels & Shadow Prices** for Hydro Resources



- **Key challenge to optimize hydro plants in EIM market is: “How do we Operate our Hydro Resources to maximize EIM benefits while meeting our daily & weekly & monthly & annual pond targets?”**

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 - Monthly Optimization → Produce weekly targets (Firm)
 - Weekly Optimization → Produce daily targets (Firm or Flexible)
 - Daily Optimization → Produce hourly targets (Firm or Flexible)
 - **Hourly Optimization (EIM) → Optimize 15-mn and 5-mn dispatch for hydro resources (Flexible)**



How are Hydro Resources Paid in EIM market?

- In EIM market, hydro resources are paid to provide:
 - Energy: Roughly 95 % of EIM Payments that hydro resources receive reflect Energy and Bid-Cost Recovery Payments (CC 64600, 64700, 64750, and 66200)
 - Flexible Reserves: Roughly 5 % of EIM Payments reflect Payments for Flexible Reserves (CC 7024, 7050, 7070, 7071, 7077, 7078, 7081, 7087, and 7088)



Parameters for Optimizing Operation of Hydro Resources in EIM Market

- Optimizing hydro resources in EIM market is a complex balancing act. To optimize operations of hydro resources in EIM market, market participants can control 3 parameters:
 - **Baseline Schedule (MWh): Best schedule for operating hydro resource without EIM Market**
 - **Bid Curve (\$/MWh): Shadow Price for Operating Hydro Resource at Base Schedule or Price that resource will receive for deviating from base schedule**
 - **Self-Scheduling Volume (MWh): Must-Run Volume**
 - **PMax (MW): Maximum capability of hydro resource**
 - **PMin (MW): Minimum capability of hydro resource**
 - **Ramp Rate (MW/min): Determine how fast hydro resource can move**

200-MW Hydro Resource	
Base schedule (MWh)	150
Shadow price (\$/MWh)	30
PMin (MW)	100
PMax (MW)	200
Ramp Rate (MW/Min)	10
Bid Curve MW	Price \$/MWh
100	25
149	30
151	35
200	35

Numerical Example Illustrating Potential EIM Benefits for Hydro Resource

Key principle illustrated in this simple example is – Hydro resources can make money in EIM market as long as they are flexible, ie resources can operate above base schedule when RT LMPs (FMM & RTD) are higher than their shadow prices and below base schedule when RT LMPs are below their shadow prices

		Interval	Base Schedule (MWh)	15-mn LMP (\$/MWh)	15-mn Dispatch (MWh)	5-mn LMP (\$/MWh)	5-mn Dispatch (MWh)	5-mn Meter (MWh)	15-mn Set (CC 64600)	5-mn Instructed Imbalance Set (CC 64700)	5-mn Uninstructed Imbalance Set (CC 64750)	Hydro EIM Charge or Credit (\$)	Hydro Production Cost Savings (\$)	Hydro P&L (\$)			
200-MW Hydro Resource	Base schedule (MWh)	150	1	150	\$20.00	100	\$20.00	100	100	\$83.33	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$83.33	\$125.00	\$41.67		
	Shadow price (\$/MWh)	30	2	150	\$20.00	100	\$20.00	100	100	\$83.33	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$83.33	\$125.00	\$41.67		
	PMin (MW)	100	3	150	\$20.00	100	\$20.00	100	100	\$83.33	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$83.33	\$125.00	\$41.67		
	PMax (MW)	200	4	150	\$25.00	100	\$20.00	100	100	\$104.17	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$104.17	\$125.00	\$20.83		
	Ramp Rate (MW/Min)	10	5	150	\$25.00	100	\$20.00	100	100	\$104.17	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$104.17	\$125.00	\$20.83		
			6	150	\$25.00	100	\$30.00	150	150	\$104.17	-\$125.00	\$0.00	-\$20.83	\$0.00	\$20.83		
	Bid Curve Price		7	150	\$30.00	150	\$30.00	150	150	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	MW \$/MWh		8	150	\$30.00	150	\$40.00	200	200	\$0.00	-\$166.67	\$0.00	-\$166.67	-\$125.00	\$41.67		
	100	25	9	150	\$30.00	150	\$40.00	200	200	\$0.00	-\$166.67	\$0.00	-\$166.67	-\$125.00	\$41.67		
	149	30	10	150	\$40.00	200	\$40.00	200	200	-\$166.67	\$0.00	\$0.00	-\$166.67	-\$125.00	\$41.67		
	151	35	11	150	\$40.00	200	\$40.00	200	200	-\$166.67	\$0.00	\$0.00	-\$166.67	-\$125.00	\$41.67		
	200	35	12	150	\$40.00	200	\$40.00	200	200	-\$166.67	\$0.00	\$0.00	-\$166.67	-\$125.00	\$41.67		
			Hour	150	\$28.75	137.5	\$30.00	150	150	\$62.50	-\$458.33	\$0.00	-\$395.83	\$0.00	\$395.83		
			Year (Assume that Hydro Resource is Flexible 10 % of the time)												-\$346,750.00	\$0.00	\$346,750.00

Lessons Learned for Operating for Hydro Resources in EIM Market

- To maximize EIM benefits, you would like to offer maximum hourly flexibility to the CAISO RT solver while meeting your near-term (daily & weekly & monthly) hydro constraints.
- Your base schedule should reflect your hydro hourly target before the EIM market.
- Flexibility of hydro resources is measured by:
 - Bid Curves (\$/MWh): How much do you want be paid when your hydro resources are requested to deviate from your hourly target?
 - PMin & PMax (MW): How much are you willing to deviate from your hourly target?
 - Ramp rates (MW/min): How fast can your hydro resources ramp up and down to chase Load & VER deviations?

Key challenge for price-based optimization is participants will need to update bid curves & base schedule & self-scheduling volume for hydro resources on an hourly basis to maximize EIM benefits while meeting daily & weekly hydro targets.

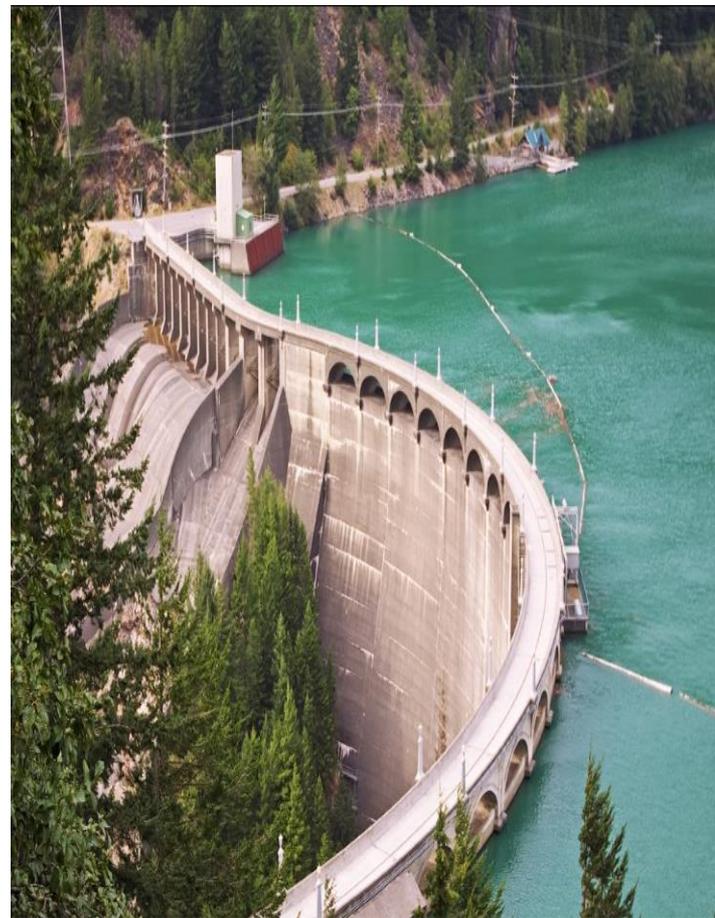
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Bid Curve MW	Price \$/MWh
100	25
149	30
151	35
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Key Factors Limiting Flexibility of Hydro Resources

- **Technical Factors**
 - Hydro resources operate in must-run mode due to high water inflows and small pond reservoirs
 - Hydro resources cannot ramp due to Forbidden zones or old Control Equipment which limits ramp capability

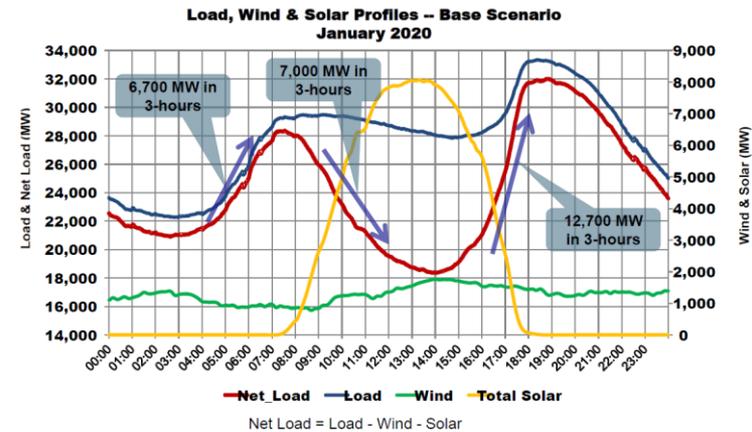
- **Regulatory Factors**
 - Maintain proper pond levels for recreation
 - Curtail hydro generation due to fish protection

- **Operating Philosophy**
 - Only use hydro resources to serve native customers, not for EIM market



How should we Operate Pondage-Hydro Resources after joining EIM market?

- Before joining EIM market, the best way to operate hydro resources is to perform a **volumetric optimization** and run hydro resources to shave the peak loads for your BA while meeting hydro & regulatory constraints



- After joining EIM market, the best method is to perform a **price-based optimization** in RT market and allow CAISO to operate hydro resources based on bid curves, self-schedule volumes, Pmin/Pmax, and ramp rates while meeting hydro & regulatory constraints



Using Hydro Resources to Balance VER resources

- There is significant value in using hydro resources to meet last-minute load deviations and balance the output of VER (wind & solar) resources
 - When RT LMPs are low (Low loads or Lots of wind & solar plants operating), operate hydro resources below base schedules
 - When RT LMPs are high (High loads or Wind & solar plants operating at low levels), operate hydro resources above base schedules
- Value of flexible hydro resources will increase as we increase the mix of intermittent VER resources in Western market.

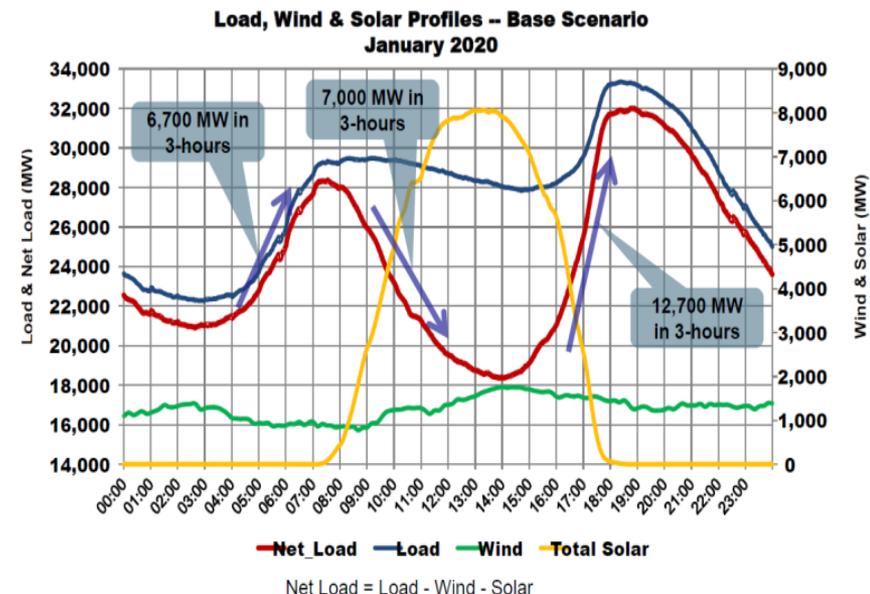


Hydro Resources can also be Paid for Providing Flexible-Ramp Reserves

- CAISO procures flexible-ramp capacity in FMM & RTD markets to deal with uncertainties (wind & solar & load) in RT operations.
- All resources that clear flexible reserves (Up & Down) in FMM & RTD markets are paid for providing reserves.
- Today, flexible-reserve payments are small – roughly 5 % of Energy Payments.

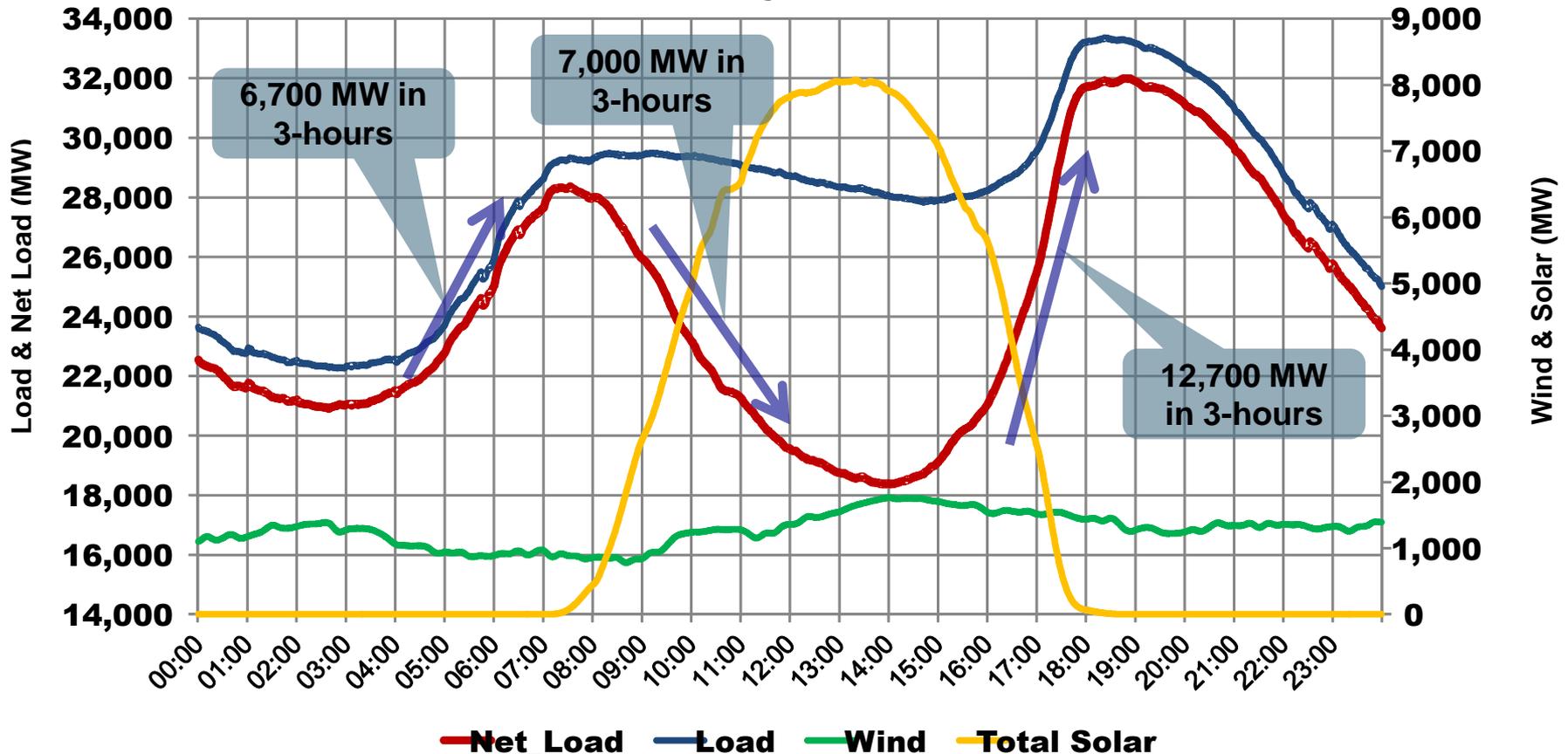
2017	June	AZPS	up	23	243
		CISO	up	171	1,000
		NEVP	up	17	221
		PACE	up	80	300
		PACW	up	8	150
		PSEI	up	16	135
		ALL EIM	up	10	1,800
	AZPS	down	7	228	
	CISO	down	200	1,000	
	NEVP	down	0	228	
	PACE	down	63	300	
	PACW	down	33	175	
	PSEI	down	18	135	
	ALL EIM	down	91	1,200	

Table 4: Flexible ramping requirements



Need for Flexible-Ramp Capacity Will Increase in Future with Larger Wind & Solar Penetration

**Load, Wind & Solar Profiles -- Base Scenario
January 2020**



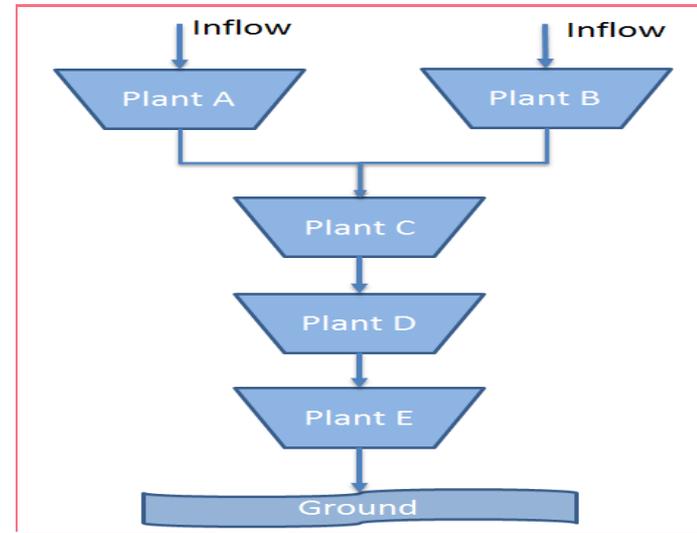
Net_Load Load Wind Total Solar

Net Load = Load - Wind - Solar

Feedback from EIM Participants with Experience with Operating Hydro Plants in EIM Market

■ PCI Questions

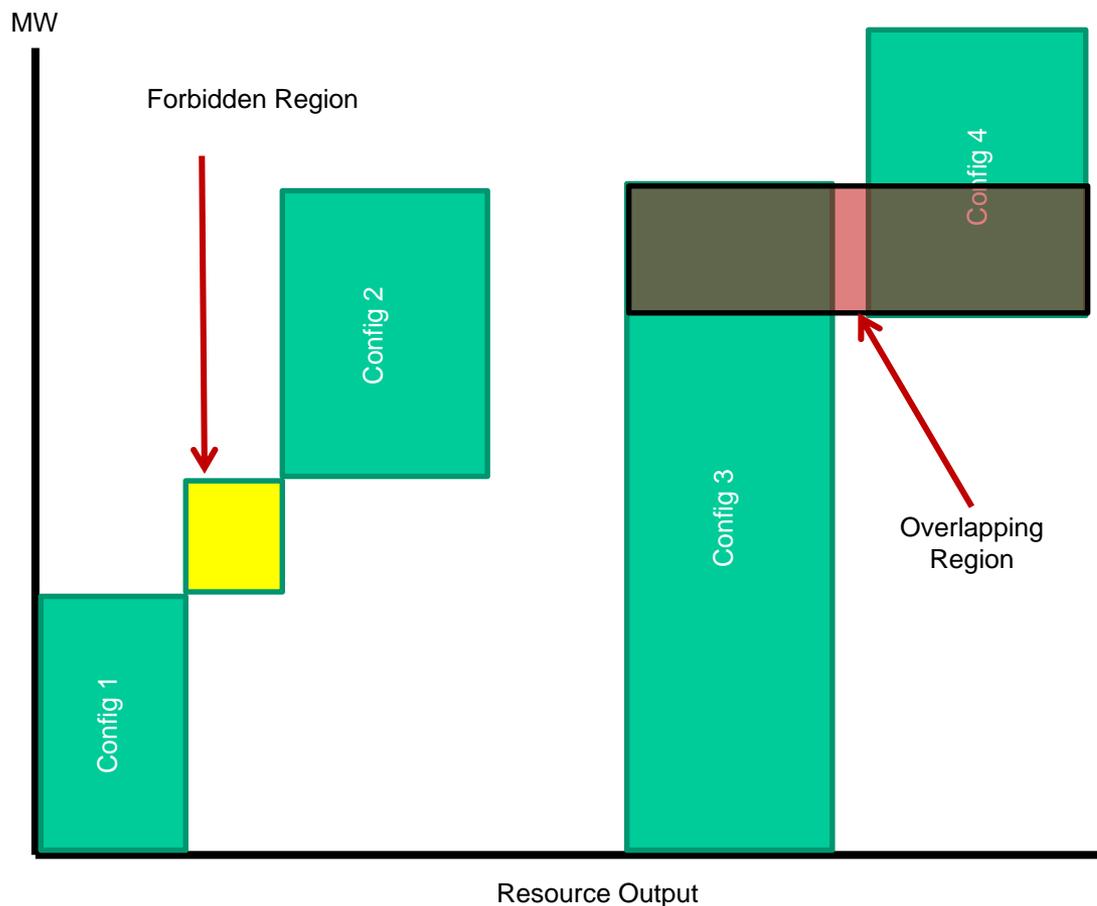
- Q1: Do you gain any market benefits for operating hydro resources as participating resources in EIM Market?
- Q1: Answer for Q1 is “Yes” for all EIM participants
- Q2: With the current tools that you have, how well can you optimize your hydro resources in EIM market?
- Q2: Answer for Q2 is “There is lots of room for improving hydro dispatch in EIM Market”



How are Hydro Resources Modelled in EIM Market?

- Hydro resources can be modeled as regular resources or MSG (Multi-State Generating) resources. MSG model can be used to model:
 - Complex Hydro Resources with different characteristics
 - Hydro Resources with forbidden operating regions

- Pros and cons for using MSG Model:
 - Pro: Provide lots of options to model hydro constraints
 - Con: Complexity



- **Several participants mentioned that they could not model hydro resources using MSG model because some MSG parameters can only be updated 2-3 times a month in the master file:**
 - **Transition Matrix**
 - **Forbidden zones**
 - **Ramp Rates**

- **Hydro resources have very dynamic characteristics. Hydro plant managers would need to update these hydro parameters on an hourly basis.**



From Configuration	To Configuration	Transition Cost(\$)	Transition Ramp Time (minutes)	Notification Time (minutes)	Max Daily Transitions
Off-line	MSGGN_1_C1	2,000	900		1
MSGGN_1_C1	MSGGN_1_C2	3,000	30	40	5
MSGGN_1_C2	MSGGN_1_C3	4,000	30	40	5
MSGGN_1_C3	MSGGN_1_C4	5,000	30	40	5
MSGGN_1_C4	MSGGN_1_C3	0	30	40	5
MSGGN_1_C3	MSGGN_1_C2	0	30	40	5
MSGGN_1_C2	MSGGN_1_C1	0	60	40	5

- **Dispatching hydro resources to meet last-minute load deviations and balance VER resources (Wind & Solar) is a win-win solution for everybody in Western EIM Market.**
- **Better optimization of hydro resources (especially pondage-hydro and pump-storage resources) can yield significant benefits for EIM market participants.**
- **We need to enhance CAISO RT optimization solver and market rules to get the most benefits from hydro resources:**
 - **EIM Solver: Enhance MSG model to better model pondage-hydro and pump-storage resources**
 - **EIM settlement rules: CAISO will need to increase flexible-reserve payments to provide greater incentives for hydro resources to increase flexibility and clear for flexible reserves**

